# Unlocking the Power of Continuity in Single Cell RNA-Seq: Differential Gene Expression Along Developmental Trajectories 

Talk given at the Statistics and Genomics Seminar on 04/18


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Overview

1) Introduction to scRNA-Seq
2) Trajectory Inference with Slingshot
3) Differential Expression with tradeSeq,
4) Clustering gene patterns with RSEC

## 1. Introduction to scRNA-Seq



## Central Dogma of biology



## Single-cell RNA-Seq

Unmixing the smoothie


## Recent explosion in scRNA-Seq



## Data structure

|  | Cell 1 | Cell 2 | Cell 3 | $\ldots$ | Cell n |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gene 1 | 0 | 28 | 25 | $\ldots$ | 2 |
| Gene 2 | 0 | 3 | 8 | $\ldots$ | 36 |
| Gene 3 | 5 | 0 | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 |
| $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ |
| Gene G | 12 | 8 | 0 | $\ldots$ | 11 |

## 2. Trajectory Inference with Slingshot



## Dimensionality reduction



- Bone-marrow stem cells from the monocle 3 vignette
- 2660 cells and 3004 genes
- Now 2660 cells in two dimensions using UMAP


## Olfactory Epithelium

Sustentacular cell (Sus)

Olfactory receptor neuron (ORN)
Immature olfactory neuron
Globose basal cell (GBC)
Horizontal basal cell (HBC)
Olfactory ensheathing glia

Bowman's gland

## Olfactory Epithelium



## Input Data




SC3, Seurat, RSEC, ...

## Minimal Spanning Tree



## Constrained MST



Incorporate prior knowledge

## Principal Curves



## Simultaneous Principal Curves

Highly stable
Uses cells, not clusters
Mostly congruent
across branches

## Computing Pseudotime



Kelly Street, Davide Risso, Russell B. Fletcher, Diya Das, John Ngai, Nir Yosef ,Elizabeth Purdom, and Sandrine Dudoit. Slingshot: cell lineage and pseudotime inference for single-cell transcriptomics. BMC Genomics

## Trajectory inference



## Trajectory inference


$>$ Finding developmental paths
Each cell has a pseudotime, which measure how far along it is in the developmental process

## Challenges of Slingshot

## Slingshot can only tackles tree structures.

It can not handle connected (including cyclic) trajectories, nor non connected trajectories.


## 3. Differential Expression with trade Seq



## cluster-based DE is artificial



Genes are now expressed in a continuous manner (since 2014)

Differential Expression is still cluster-based, i. e. discrete.

## Trajectory-based DE

We developed trade Seq, an algorithm that leverages the continuous nature of scRNA-Seq.
> Available as an $\mathbf{R}$ package on Github (statOmics/tradeSeq). Soon on Bioconductor.
> Modular tool that work with any dimensionality reduction and trajectory inference method.

## Statistical model

$$
\begin{gathered}
Y_{g i}=N B\left(\mu_{g i}, \phi_{g}\right) \\
\mu_{g i}=\sum_{l=1}^{n} s_{g l}\left(T_{i}\right) Z_{l i}+\boldsymbol{U}_{i} \alpha_{g}+\log \left(N_{i}\right)
\end{gathered}
$$

Can accommodate
$>$ Design matrix
$>$ Different sequencing depth
$>$ Weights

## Statistical model




## An investigation tool

$$
s_{g l}\left(T_{i}\right)=\sum_{k=1}^{K} b_{k}(t) \beta_{g l k}
$$

Testing null hypotheses of the form:

$$
H_{0}: \boldsymbol{C}^{T} \beta_{g}=0
$$

Using Wald Statistics of the form:

$$
W_{g}=\hat{\beta}_{g}^{T} \boldsymbol{C}\left(\boldsymbol{C}^{T} \widehat{\boldsymbol{\Sigma}} \boldsymbol{C}\right)^{-1} \boldsymbol{C}^{T} \hat{\beta}_{g}
$$

## An investigation

Differential Expression Tests tool

|  | Within the orange lineage |  | Between the orange and blue lineages |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Lineages | associationTest | startVsEndTest | diffrnaTest | patternTest | earlyDETest |
| 为 | DE | DE | Not DE | Not DE | Not DE |
|  | Not DE | Not DE | DE | DE | DE |
|  | DE | Not DE | Not DE | Not DE | Not DE |
|  | DE | DE | DE | DE | Not DE |
|  | DE | DE | Not DE | DE | DE |
|  | DE | DE | Not DE | DE | Not DE |

## Association test

$$
H_{0}: \beta_{l k g}=\beta_{l k^{\prime} g} \text { for all } k \neq k^{\prime}
$$

Contrast matrix

| $\beta_{l 1 g}$ | $\beta_{l 2 g}$ | $\beta_{l 3 g}$ | $\ldots$ | $\beta_{l K g}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | -1 | 0 | $\ldots$ | 0 |
| 0 | 1 | -1 | $\ldots$ | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | $\ldots$ | 0 |
| $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ |
| -1 | 0 | 0 | $\ldots$ | 1 |

## StartVsEndTest

color by expression of Mpo


## DiffEndTest

color by expression of Prtn3


## Simulation framework: dynverse

Summary
Inferrable trajectory types
Aggregated scores per experiment


Wouter Saelens, Robrecht Cannoodt,
Helena Todorov, and Yvan
Saeys. Acomparisonofsingle-cell trajectory inference methods. NatureBiotechnology
page 1, 4 2019. ISSN 1087-0156. doi: 10. 1038 S41587-019-0071-9. URL
http: //www. nature. com/articles/S41587 -019-0071-9

## Outperforms existing methods









## Outperforms existing methods



## Provides unique insights

Gene Irf8 in the bone marrow dataset


## Also works with multiple lineages




## Perspectives for tradeSeq

> Possible to develop new tests, especially to look at speed or acceleration of gene changes.
> Zero-inflation weights are estimated before the smoothers. Future improvements could focus on joint-improvements.
> Publish the paper and software

## 3. Clustering gene patterns with RSEC



## Single lineage clustering



Embryogenesis datasets > Cluster with RSEC on the genes, using the $\beta_{l k g}$ as features

## Multiple lineages clustering








## Bone marrow dataset:

Clusters for the top 500 genes


## Limitations

$>$ Clustering with more than one lineage is hard to interpret (and sometimes leads to adherent results).
$>$ Most filtering or merging criterions used in RSEC are not applicable here. Filtering only based on cluster size might miss small but very strong signals.
> Current work by Stephanie DeGraaf might be more promising.


Sandrine Dudoit


Kelly Street


Lieven Clement


Koen Van den Berge

# Thank you for listening 

## Any questions?

